- 3. The fee for a fourteen-day liquor license, wine permit, or beer permit is one quarter of the annual fee for that class of liquor license, wine permit, or beer permit. The fee for the privilege to sell on the two Sundays in the fourteen-day period is twenty percent of the price of the fourteen-day liquor license, wine permit, or beer permit.
- Sec. 3. Section 123.34, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsections: NEW SUBSECTION. 4. The administrator may issue five-day class "A", class "B", class "C", and class "D" liquor control licenses and five-day class "B" beer permits. A five-day license or permit is valid for five consecutive days, but the holder shall not sell alcoholic beverages on Sunday in the five-day period unless the holder qualifies for and obtains the privilege to sell on Sunday pursuant to sections 123.36 and 123.134.

NEW SUBSECTION. 5. The fee for the five-day liquor control license or beer permit is one-eighth of the annual fee for that class of license or permit. The fee for the privilege to sell on a Sunday in the five-day period is ten percent of the price of the five-day liquor control license or beer permit.

Approved April 19, 1990

## CHAPTER 1178

HUNTING AND FISHING H.F. 2522

AN ACT relating to hunting and fishing licenses for military personnel and veterans, and providing an effective date and authorizing reciprocal fishing agreements.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 110.24, subsection 9, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows: 9. No license shall be required of minor pupils of the state school for the blind, state school for the deaf, nor of minor residents of other state institutions under the control of a director of a division of the department of human services, nor shall any person who is on active duty with the armed forces of the United States, on authorized leave from a duty station located outside of this state, and a legal resident of the state of Iowa, be required to have a license to hunt or fish in this state. The military personnel shall carry their leave papers while hunting or fishing and, if a deer or wild turkey is taken, shall immediately contact a state conservation officer to obtain an appropriate tag to transport the animal. No license shall be required of residents of county care facilities or any person who is receiving old-age assistance under chapter 249.

Sec. 2. Section 110.24, Code Supplement 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 16. Upon payment of the fee of thirty dollars for a lifetime hunting and fishing combined license, the department shall issue a hunting and fishing combined license to a veteran who was disabled in combat or a prisoner of war during that veteran's military service. The department shall prepare an application to be used by a person requesting a hunting and fishing combined license under this subsection. The veteran affairs division of the department of public defense shall assist the department in verifying the status or claims of applicants under this subsection. As used in this subsection, "veteran" means a person who served in the armed forces of the United States of America at any time during World War I between the dates of April 6, 1917, and July 2, 1921, World War II between the dates of

December 7, 1941, and December 31, 1946, the Korean conflict between the dates of June 27, 1950, and January 31, 1955, or the Vietnam conflict between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975, all dates inclusive, and "disabled" means entitled to compensation under the United States Code, title 38, chapter 11.

- Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 110.30 RECIPROCAL FISHING PRIVILEGES AUTHORIZED.
- 1. Reciprocal fishing privileges are contingent upon a grant of similar privileges by another state to residents of this state.
  - 2. The commission may negotiate fishing reciprocity agreements with other states.
- 3. When another state confers upon fishing licensees of this state reciprocal rights, privileges, and immunities, a fishing license issued by that state entitles the licensee to all rights, privileges, and immunities in the public waters of this state enjoyed by the holders of equivalent licenses issued by this state, subject to duties, responsibilities, and liabilities imposed on its own licensees by the laws of this state.

Sec. 4.

This Act takes effect January 1, 1991.

Approved April 19, 1990

## CHAPTER 1179

MARIJUANA ERADICATION H.F. 2166

AN ACT relating to the identification and eradication of marijuana.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 80.9, subsection 2, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new paragraph:

NEW PARAGRAPH. g. To identify and eradicate marijuana plants found growing on public or private property when growing marijuana plants are reported to the department, and adopt rules governing the identification and eradication of marijuana plants in cooperation with local law enforcement officials.

Sec. 2. Section 317.4, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 317.4 DIRECTION AND CONTROL.

As used in this chapter, "commissioner" means the county weed commissioner or the commissioner's deputy within each county. Each commissioner, subject to direction and control by the county board of supervisors, shall supervise the control and destruction of all noxious weeds in the county, including those growing within the limits of cities, within the confines of abandoned cemeteries, and along streets and highways unless otherwise provided. A commissioner shall notify the department of public safety of the location of marijuana plants found growing on public or private property. A commissioner may enter upon any land in the county at any time for the performance of the commissioner's duties, and shall hire the labor and equipment necessary subject to the approval of the board of supervisors.

Sec. 3. Section 317.22, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 317.22 DUTY OF HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL.

It shall be the duty of all All officers directly responsible for the care of public highways to shall make a complaint to the weed commissioners or board of supervisors, whenever if it